Dental Contract Reform Explained

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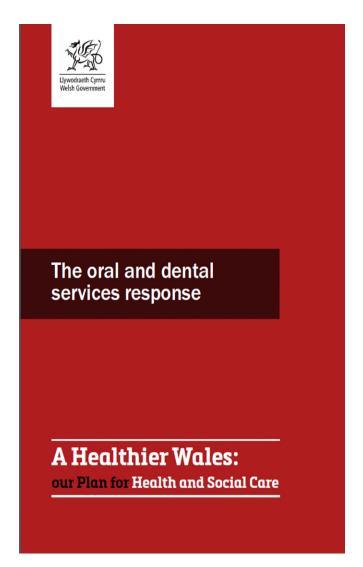


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Contribution to A Healthier Wales

4 Themes within document





Concentrates on 5 priority areas to support implementation – all are needed

- 1. Timely access to prevention focussed dental care
- 2. Sustained & whole system change underpinned by contract reform
- 3. Expanded teams that are trained, supported and delivering to scope of practice
- 4. Oral health intelligence & evidence driving improvement and planning
- 5. Improve population health and well-being

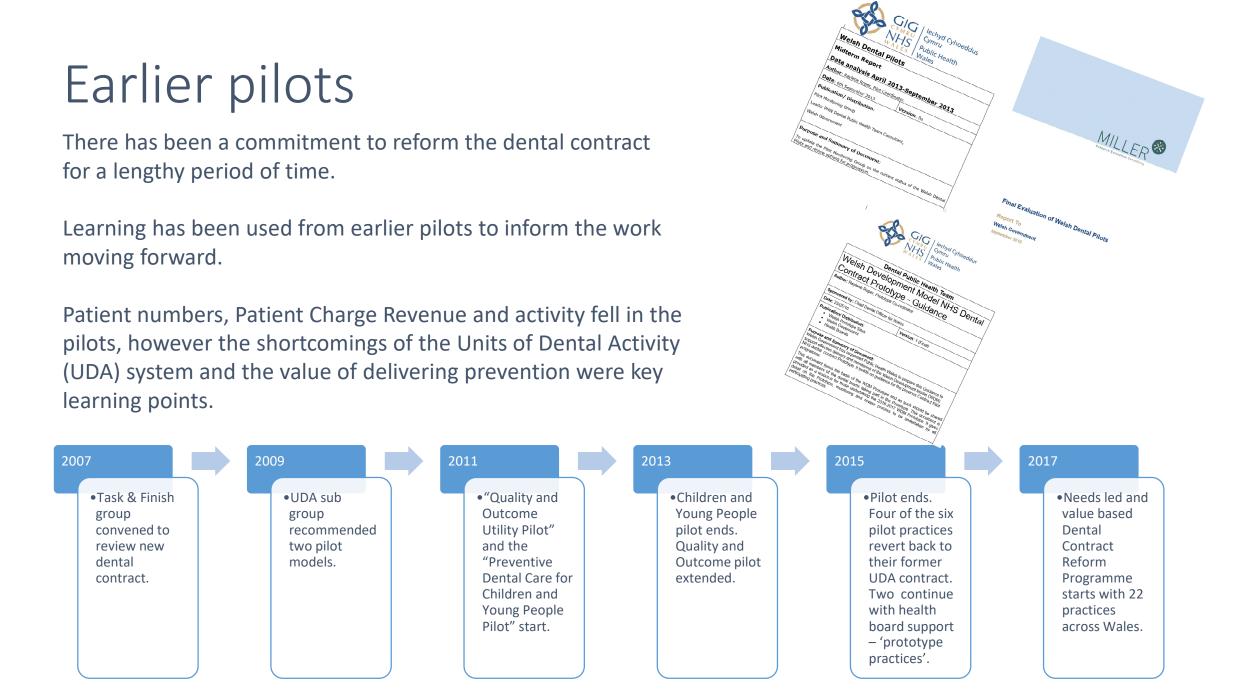
Aims and Objectives of Contract Reform in Dentistry

Aim

 To explain the dental contract reform programme, the findings from evaluation to date, progress, and next steps

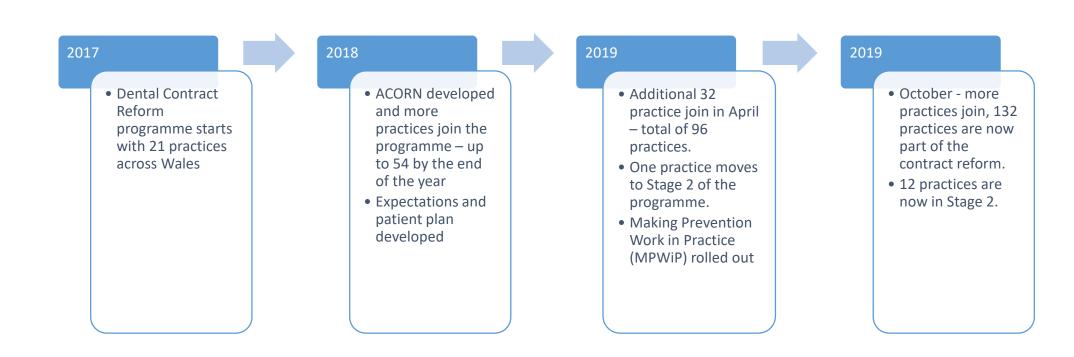
Objectives

- Describe the philosophy and approach to contract reform
- Understand what is happening and who is involved
- Understand what support and tools have been developed
- Recognise how contract reform fits into wider transformation
- And finally, what's next?



Dental Contract Reform Programme 2017

- Consistent assessment of oral health need and risk (modifiable and non-modifiable) 'the ACORN'
- Co-production of a needs led annual prevention care & treatment plan personalised advice and care
- A preventive and outcome focused approach which includes the skills of the whole team in the delivery of primary dental care



A Once for Wales approach has been adopted

Practice annual contract value remains the same – unless additional investment made by Health Board or through other schemes

Stage 1

Minimum UDA value to be £25, 10% reduction of treatment activity target (UDAs) to complete ACORN and share needs assessment findings with patients. Meet the following expectations.

- That existing access is maintained current patient numbers must not fall
- Effective preventive intervention and advice is delivered which is appropriate to need, and follows programme expectations and evidence
- Development of knowledge and skills within the team
- Adoption of the support, training and tools being developed by clinical teams
- Provide feedback, participate in Quality Improvement and Evaluation

A phased approach is being utilised

Practice annual contract value remains the same – unless additional investment made by the Health Board or through other schemes

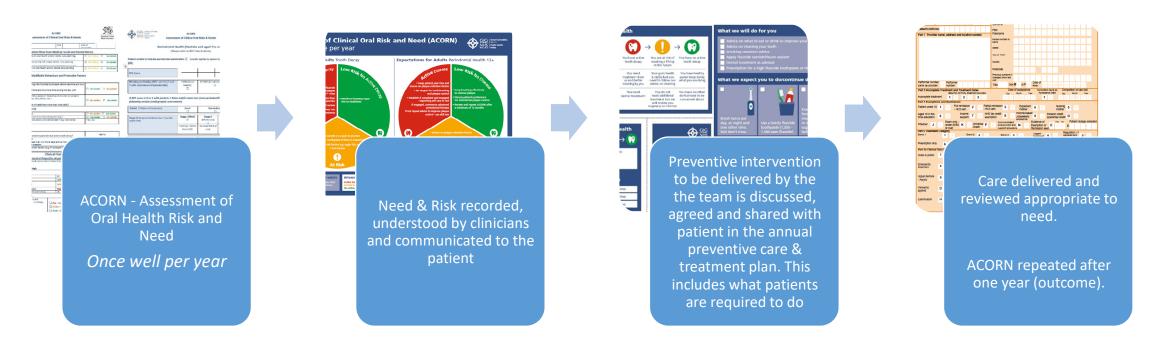
Stage 2

- 20% reduction of treatment actively target (UDAs) to meet programme 'expectations'
- Number of patients begin to increase to reflect the need, risk and resources of practice
- Comprehensive assessment & ACORN completed once well per year
- Lengthening recall intervals to one year for well patients allowing for new access
- Development of workforce and implement learning leadership training, Shared Decision Making, Quality Improvement projects, Making Prevention Work in Practice

And moving beyond stage 2 - expectations

- Less reliance on UDAs as sole contract performance measure
- KPIs and Outcome measures become contract currency at practice and HB level
- Patient numbers have increased
- Access to NHS dentistry is open and reflects capacity
- Need of the practice population is understood
- Patients understand their Oral Health and receive personalised care and advice
- Recall intervals reflect need
- Patient Oral Health outcomes are recorded and communicated

Assessment of Clinical Oral Risks & Needs (ACORN) - patient journey / clinical pathway



This can be delivered in one visit (one FP17W) for adults with low risk and no disease or it can apply in a series of courses of treatment or appointments (therefore a number of FP17Ws in the year) for those with risk and/or disease. The journey is patient specific over any given year and described in a personalised annual plan. Flexibility in the UDA target, allowing practices to take on new patients who may have higher needs and DNAs

ACORN tool kit



ACORN Assessment of Clinical Oral Risks & Needs



odraeth Cymru h Gowernmont	

Name		DO	OB	Date of Completion				
	Inherent Patient Risks (from Medi	cal. Social and	Dental histor	v			
Relevant medical	history which impacts on oral healt				Yellow 🗆	No Green		
			, ,					
Relevant social his Please specify	story which impacts on oral health a	□ Yes	Yellow	No Green				
	istory which impacts on oral health	and/or denta	al care planning	□ Yes	Yellow 🗆	No Green		
Please specify								
	Key Modifiable B	Behaviours	and Protective	e Factors				
ooth Decay Specif	ic Risks							
	pervised tooth brushing with fluorid	de toothpaste	before bedtime	and one				
more time during				D Y	es Green	□ No Amber		
	(self or carer) at bed time and one	more time du	iring the day with	,				
fluoride toothpast	e! other than water or milk outside of	mashimas m	ore than once da	Culii				
	, tea/coffee with sugar, fizzy drinks,		ore than once da	myr				
And/or	, tearconee with sugar, nezry trinks,	, ecc.)		□ Ye	es Amber	□ No Green		
	s, sweets, etc. outside of mealtimes	more than o	nce daily?					
	Specific Risks (12+ only)							
Smokes and/or use	e of tobacco products			□ Ye	es Amber	No Green		
Brushes (self or ca	rer) at bed time and one more time	e during the d	lay?	□ Y	es Green	□ No Amber		
Jses (self or carer)	inter-dental aids as advised by the	dental team	? e.g. interdental	Yes /	No			
rushes	i de la companya de							
ther risks/protect Household/family	factors	ld barre and a			Yes/	No		
	nily members in the same househol	iid nave active	e tooth decay?					
	4 units per week spread over 3 or m	nore days and	no more than		Yes /	No		
	nale) units in a single occasion.	nore days are	THE INCIDENT		1637	140		
	ling dietary) or protective factors (e.g.个 streng	th F toothpaste u	ise)				
	and are the broadens of	erg. I streng			Yes/No			
	C	linical Fir	ndings					
	ngs, dentures and Level of Plaq							
Please specify findings dentures, etc.)	(e.g. 2 × 2 cm suspected mouth cancer on la	ateral border of t	ongue on the right ha	and side, satisfactory	full upper part	ial lower acrylic		
Level of Plaque:	low, moderate or high							
ooth Decay (for	dentate only)							
Total number of te		N	0					
No active tooth de								
Active tooth decay	y within enamel only	A	mber 🗆			er on FP17W risk is Amber.		
Active tooth decay	y into dentine or beyond	R	ed 🗆	,				
	er of teeth with active tooth decay	dt	t	DT				
ther Dental Nee	ed (for all patients)							
	ss, dental trauma, repair and			Tick one only				
maintenance (e.g. c.	usp fracture), removal of overhangs,	Red - D	Dental treatment re	equired				
			Dental treatment re - No treatment re		review requi	red to monitor		



ACORN Assessment of Clinical Oral Risks & Needs



Periodontal Health (Dentate and aged 12+ only)

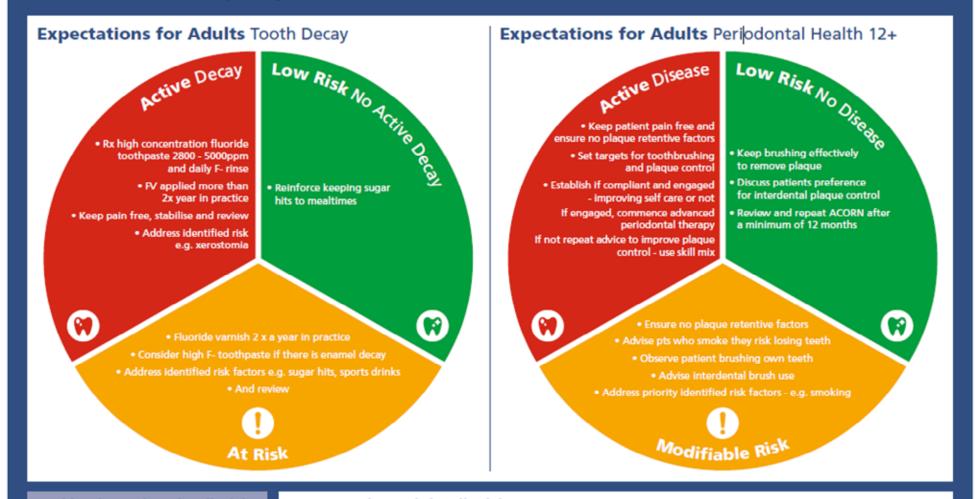
(Please refer to BSP Classification)

BPE Score					-	
Bleeding on Probing (BPE of 3 with no evidence of perior	<10% (Good health)	10-30% (Loc	alised gingivitis)	>30% (Generalised gingivitis)		
If BPE score is 4 or 3 with following section (radiog			s from period	lontitis, please	complete the	
Extent (Pattern of bone lo	ss)	Local	Gen	eralised	Molar-Incisor	
Stage (Interproximal bone le worst site)	Stage I (Mild)	Stage II (Moderate	Stage III (Severe)	_		
		<15% (or <2mm from CEJ)	Coronal third root	d of Severe (Mid third root)	Very Severe of (Apical third o root)	
Grade (Rate of progression patient's age – use the wors	A (slow)	B (moderate)		C (Rapid)		
	Red 🗆	Currently unstable PPD ≥ 5mm or PDD ≥ 4mm and B		es		
Periodontitis	Amber 🗆	Currently in Remi BoP ≥10%; PPD ≤ No BoP at 4mm si	4mm			
	Green	Currently Stable BoP < 10%; PPD ≤ No BoP at 4mm si		_	specific modifiable Then recorded as	
No periodontitis	Green □	No periodontitis Gingivitis on Good perio	ly	Amber overall on	P17W.	

Adult Expectations Perio& Decay

Assessment of Clinical Oral Risk and Need (ACORN)Do it well once per year





Toothbrushing advice for all adults

Brush effectively last thing at night and one other time daily using fluoride toothpaste containing 1,350 - 1,500ppm fluoride

Bitewing radiograph for all Adults

Active Decay and/or Active Periodontal Disease Posterior bitewings at six-month intervals PLUS Radiographs (periapicals) of code 4 sextants At Risk Decay and/or Periodontal Disease Posterior bitewings at one-year intervals

No active Disease /Low Risk Decay and /or Periodontal Disease – Posterior bitewings at two-year intervals



Child Expectations Decay

Assessment of Clinical Oral Risk and Need (ACORN)Do it well once per year





Toothbrushing advice for all

- Brush their teeth for them until age 7 last thing at night and one other time daily using family fluoride toothpaste containing 1,350 - 1,500ppm fluoride
- Under 3 yrs. a smear of toothpaste; 3+ pea-sized amount
- Spit don't rinse after brushing
- Reinforce keeping sugar hits to mealtimes
- Nothing sugary to eat or drink in the hour before bed
- Keep the child happy



Radiographic Assessment for all

Indications for bitewings:

Children age 4+ If cooperative

FGDP radiography guidelines on frequency of bitewings:

High risk: 6-12 months

All children:

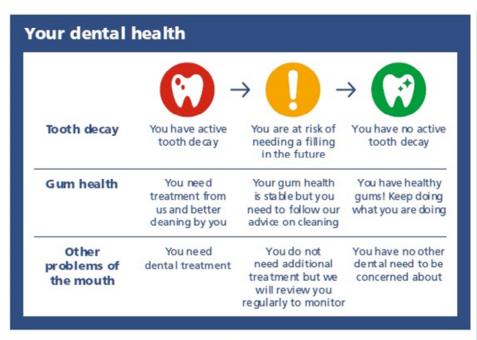
12-18 months (primary teeth) 24 months (permanent teeth)

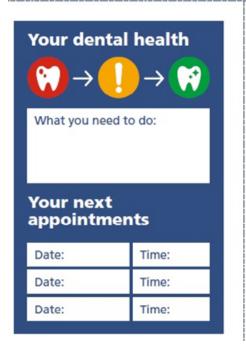
Contraindications:

Lack of compliance, spaced dentition



Prevention plan







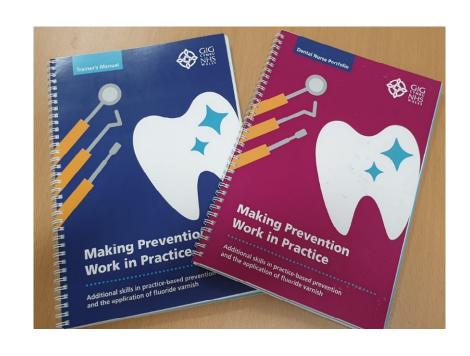
What we will do for you Advice on what to eat or drink to improve your oral health Advice on cleaning your teeth Smoking cessation advice Apply fluoride varnish/fissure sealant Dental treatment as advised Prescription for a high fluoride toothpaste or rinse What we expect you to do/continue doing Keep sugary food and drinks to mealtimes. Don't eat Brush twice per day, at night and Use a family fluoride or drink anything one other time. toothpaste (1,350 sugary in the hour Spit don't rinse. 1,500 ppm fluoride) before bed. Attend your appointments when advised. Inform the Contact Help Me Use interdental practice if you Ouit 0800 085 2219 www.helpmequit.wales brushes. cannot attend. You will need a review in: 3 months 6 months 12 months Other

MPWiP, All-Wales Faculty of Dental Care Professionals, QI and research groups supporting GDS Reform











Evaluation & Impact

- Overall access has been maintained and has increased in more than half the contract reform practices. Child access is at an all time high.
- Fluoride varnish application in courses of treatment has doubled in adults (now 8%) and tripled in children (now 45%).
- 103 dentists trained in MPWiP by the end of 2019, with over 150 additional dental nurses now providing prevention in practice and developing portfolios.
- Quality Improvement Networks facilitated by HEIW set up in all Health Boards to support practice development.
- External realist evaluation programme in place.
- Over £1.5 million invested recurrently through the Innovation Fund in over 45 practices - to increase, capacity in DCPs, open access, facilitate prevention and support new ways of working.
- Associate innovator programme established in North Wales, with a view to rolling out Wales-wide in 2020.
- Need and outcome measures developed and beginning to be used in performance and contract monitoring.
- In contract reform practices the free examination for patients aged 18-25 and 60 and over, now includes radiographs and FV application where appropriate without incurring a charge.



A realist evaluation of NHS dental contract pilots across Wales





Annual Report

General Dental Services Reform
Programme
2019



Mid year programme monitoring report

GDS Reform Programme Monitoring Report for Wales - Mid Year 2019/20

- Data refers to schedule period April to September 2019, where the date of completion on the FP17W is between April
 and September, unless otherwise specified.
- Data refers to contracts on the GDS Reform Programme as at April 2019, i.e. data for a Health Board (HB) refers solely
 to contracts on the programme in the HB, and data for Wales refers solely to contracts on the programme in Wales.
- · ACORN data refers to counts of unique patients who received an ACORN assessment in the period.

Oral Health Risks from Medical, Social, and Dental History

	Medical	History	Social	History	Dental History		
	Green	Yellow	Green	Yellow	Green	Yellow	
Wales	79.4	20.6	91.3	8.7	76.2	23.8	

Medical History (All Ages = 158,121)



Social History (All Ages = 158,121)



ACORN Profile: Oral Health Conditions: Tooth Decay, Periodontal, and Other Dental Conditions

	Adult Tooth Decay			Adul	t Periodontal	Health	Adult Other Dental		
_	Red	Amber	Green	Red	Amber	Green	Red	Amber	Green
Wales	15.9	23.6	60.4	14.6	37.6	47.8	14.4	18.3	67.3

Adult Tooth Decay (114,631)



Adult Periodontal Health (114,631)



Adult Other Dental (114,631)

Child Other Dental (43,490)



	Child Tooth Decay			Chile	d Periodontal	Health	Child Other Dental		
	Red	Amber	Green	Red	Amber	Green	Red	Amber	Green
Wales	13.2	22.9	64.0	1.8	24.5	73.7	5.5	12.9	81.6

Child Tooth Decay (43,490)



Child Periodontal Health (14,379)



Health boards receive individual reports at health board and practice level. Practices receive individual report quarterly.

Needs, risks (modifiable and non-modifiable) understood.

ACORN Profile: Oral Health Conditions of Patients New to Contract

- New Adults are defined as patients not treated at the contract in the last 24 months, or with no previous visit to the contract.
- New Children are defined as patients not treated at the contract in the last 12 months, or with no previous visit to the contract.

		New	Adult Tooth	Decay	New A	New Adult Periodontal Health New Adult Other Dent				Dental	
		Red	Amber	Green	Red	Amber	Green	Red	Amber	Green	
	Wales	25.6	20.6	53.8	15.6	35.6	48.8	18.4	18.3	63.3	
w A	dult Tooth	Decay (2	2,838)	New Ac	dult Perio	dontal Health	(22,838)	New Adult Other D			22,838







	Nes	New Child Tooth Decay			hild Periodon	tal Health	New Child Other Dental		
	Red	Amber	Green	Red	Amber	Green	Red	Amber	Green
Wales	15.4	22.9	61.7	1.8	26.6	71.6	5.5	12.1	82.5

New Child Tooth Decay (14,933)



New Child Periodontal Health (4,342)

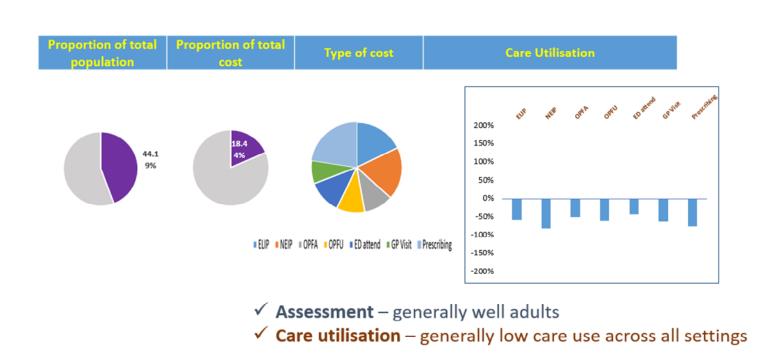
A
27h

G
74%



New patient data analysed separately confirming new patients may have higher needs than routine attenders, but majority are no need, low risk. Many GMS Clusters have profiled patient groups – see a sample profile for 18-64 year olds in figure below.

Generally well adults 18-64 were found to make low use of NHS medical care. However this group makes high use of NHS Dental services

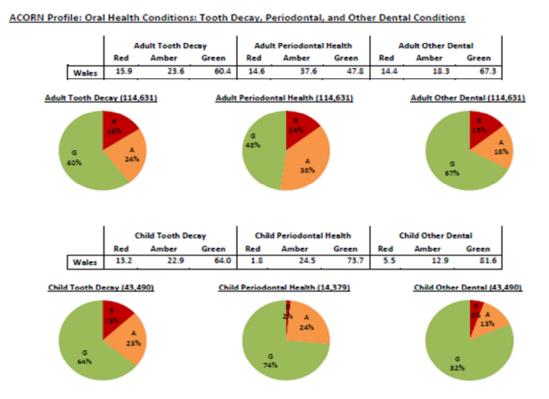


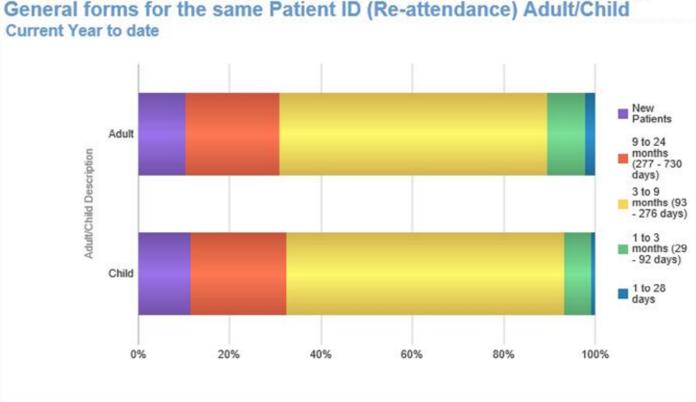
- Many adults attend NHS Dental services for routine check ups in any given year.
- This presents an opportunity for wider Primary Prevention beyond oral health for apparently well adults.
- Therefore GDS Reform supports retaining an annual contact with NHS Dentistry - but expect dentists to complete a need and risk assessment once well per year
- There is no need for 'six month check up' for most of this group

eDen data can be used to assess if recall intervals are reflecting 'need' profile of the practice population

NHS BSA eDen Recall

NHS BSA eDen Recall Interval Monitoring





Is Oral Health improving under contract reform?

What matters most to patients and clinical teams is that oral health is maintained and improved.

Early signs are encouraging within this Value Based approach.

The programme is based on individual needs assessment, patient engagement, whole team working and the review of outcomes.

The following slides illustrate needs and outcomes at programme level but will be available at practice/performer level in time, allowing opportunities for peer review, clinical audit and continual improvement.

This is the first publication of results on the health outcome of primary dental care.

These data are more meaningful in assessing performance and the value of investment in primary dental care than looking at activity data and UDAs alone.

Analysis of patient need and outcome

Includes patients with at least two linked ACORNs 10-12mths apart

1st ACORN Oral Health Needs Assessment (OHNA)

2nd ACORN captures Outcome of patient journey

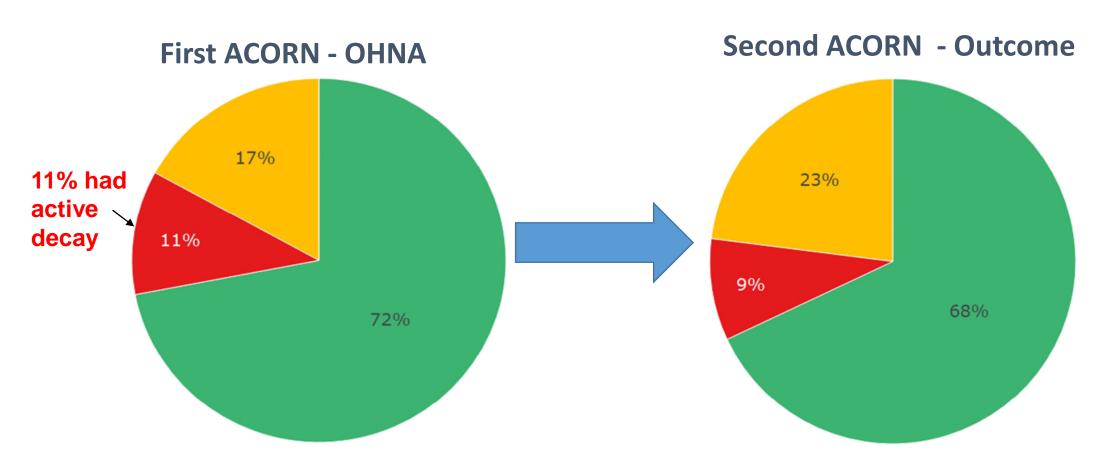
Analysis

 Analysis examined unique patients who have had two ACORN assessments at least ten months apart between 1 June 2018 and 31 October 2019.

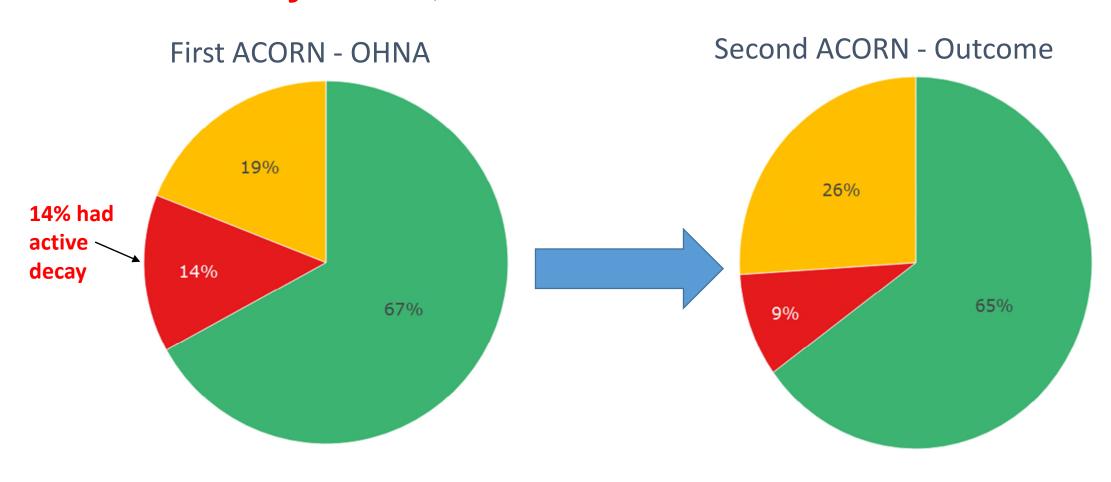
Sample Size

 10,207 patients were included in the analysis: 2,778 children and 7,429 adults.
 Only patients aged 12 years and above were included in the periodontal health analysis.

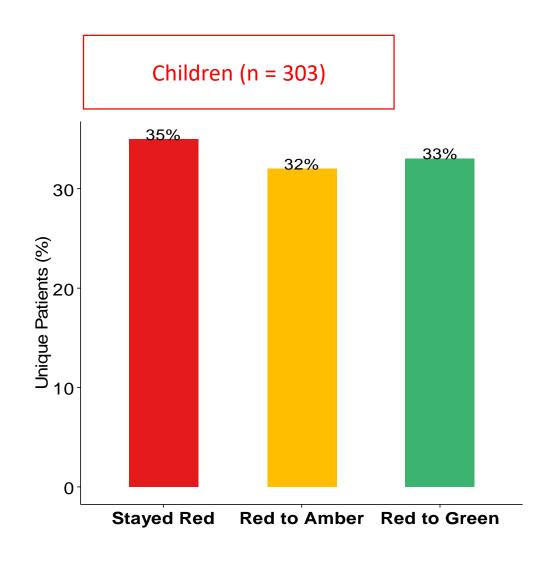
First ACORN vs Second ACORN – 10-12mths later Tooth Decay – in 2,778 Children

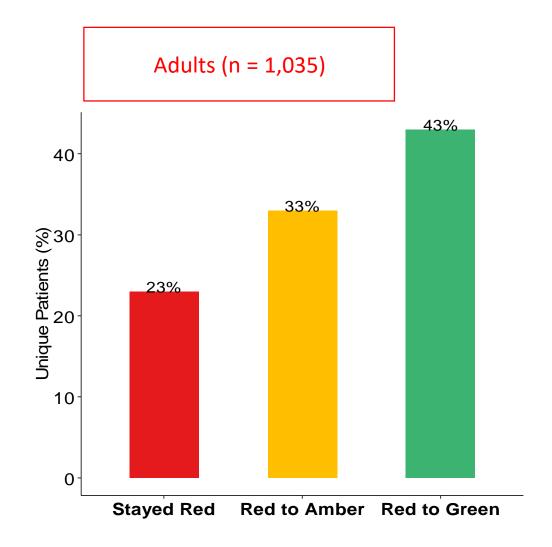


First ACORN vs Second ACORN – around a year later Tooth Decay – in 7,429 Adults

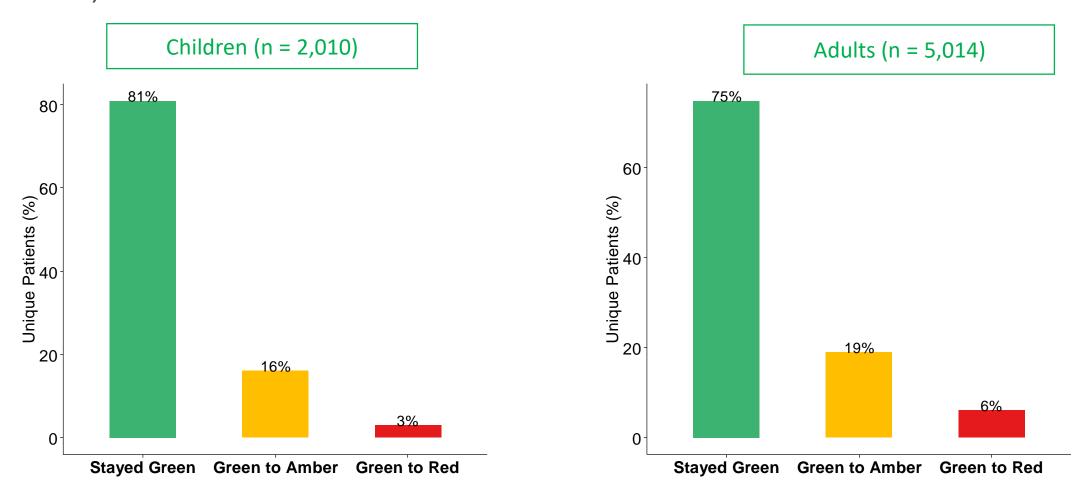


Of the **11%** (children) and **14%** (adults) who had active disease - tooth decay - at 1st ACORN, 65% of these children & 76% of these adults improved within the year!



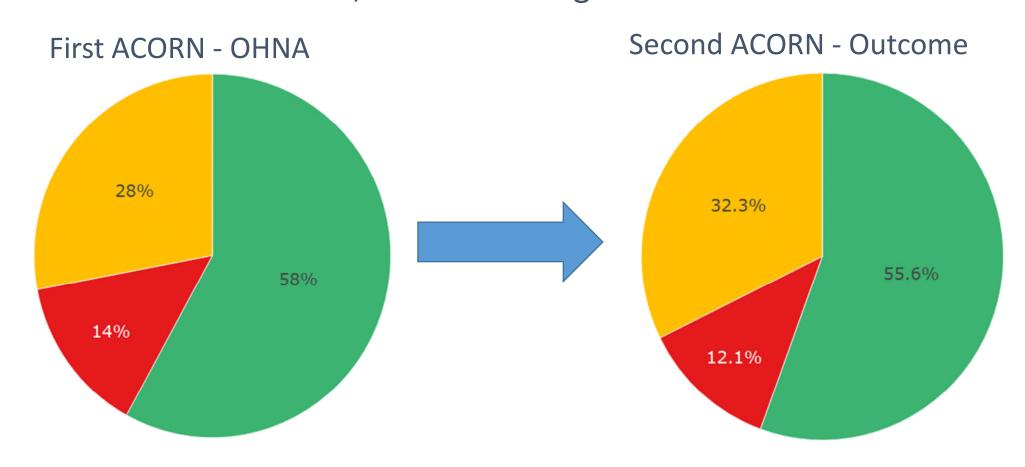


In the group who had no active disease & deemed to be low risk - tooth decay — was there any change? Of the **72**% (children) and **67**% (adults) who had no decay diagnosed at 1st ACORN, some did deteriorate



Clinical teams can inform and support, but daily oral health maintenance and care is key and is the responsibility of the patient, parents and carers.

First ACORN vs Second ACORN – within 10mths to 1 year Periodontal Health in 8,182 Persons aged 12+

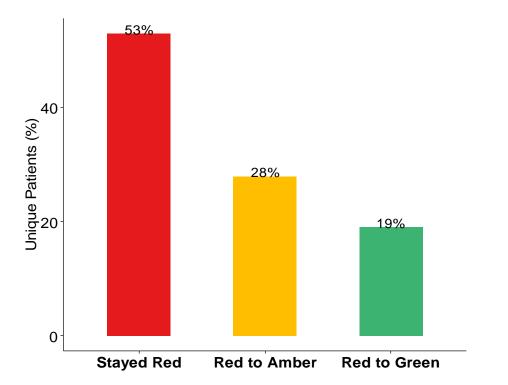


Indication that there was some improvement in disease stabilisation in a chronic disease process

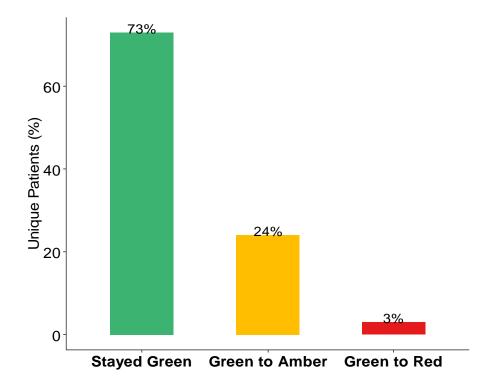
Disease Status Change – Periodontal Health

In the 14% of patients aged 12+, with active disease (RED) and in the 58% with no disease (GREEN) at 1st ACORN, the charts illustrate outcome at the 2nd ACORN (10 - 12 mths later)

RED (n = 1,130) - 47% Improved



GREEN (n = 4,739) - 3% disease



Next steps

- Revised FP17W capturing need, outcome, prevention and skill mix activity to be introduced April 2020 and reported in eDEN (on-line reporting tool)
- Associate innovator group in North Wales to describe a Once for Wales patient journey/clinical pathway for periodontal care in general practice by April 2020
- Need and outcome measures together with patient numbers, recall intervals, prevention and quality being used by practices and health boards in performance management
- Realist evaluation reports influencing decision making and including patient voice
- Dental reform programme part of Welsh Government Primary Care Contract Oversight Group
- Secondary legislation considerations taken forward
- More practices joining the programme and more progressing to stage 2
- Contracts which support and value preventive care, whole team working and improve the wellbeing of dental teams
- Open access to preventive primary care dentistry
- Support the recruitment and retention of the dental workforce

For further information and to access all reports and tools available from mid January 2020 please visit primary care one website http://www.primarycareone.wales.nhs.uk/home

or

email the Project Manager Raylene.roper@wales.nhs.uk